



إختبار قبول العام الجامعي 2021 - 2022 - كلية العلوم (نموذج A)

Answer all the Questions

**Section I: Read the following passage and then answer the questions that follow :**

Alfred Bernhard Nobel, a Swedish inventor and philanthropist, **bequeathed** most of his vast fortune to a trust that he designated as a fund from which annual prizes could be awarded to the individuals and organizations that had achieved through invention or discovery that which would have the greatest benefit to humanity in a particular year. He rewrote his **will** in 1895, thereby establishing, with the original amount of nine million dollars, the Nobel Foundation as the legal owner and administering agent of the funds, and instituting the prizes that are named after him. Statutes to govern the awarding of the prizes were written, along with guidelines for operating procedures. Six years after Nobel's death, the first six prizes, worth about forty thousand dollars each, were to be awarded.

Originally the six classifications for **outstanding** contributions designated in Nobel's will included chemistry, physics, physiology or medicine, literature, international peace, and economics. Candidates for the prizes must be **nominated** in writing by February 1 of each year by a qualified and recognized authority in each of the fields of competition. Recipients in physics, chemistry, and economics are selected by the Royal Swedish Academy, whereas recipients in peace are chosen by the Norwegian Nobel Committee appointed by Norway's parliament. With the King of Sweden officiating, the prizes are usually presented in Stockholm on December 10, the anniversary of Nobel's death. The value, fame, and prestige of the Nobel Prizes have continued to grow. Today the prize includes a medal, a diploma, and a cash award of about one million dollars.

1. **What does this passage mainly discuss?**
  - A. Great contribution to mankind
  - B. The Nobel Prizes
  - C. Alfred Bernhard Nobel
  - D. Swedish philanthropy
2. **Why were the prizes named for Alfred Bernhard Nobel?**
  - A. He left money in his will to establish a fund for the prizes.
  - B. He won the first Nobel Prize for his work in philanthropy.
  - C. He is now living in Sweden.
  - D. He serves as chairman of the committee to choose the recipients of the prizes .
3. **The word "bequeathed" in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to**
  - A. took
  - B. withdrew
  - C. received
  - D. donated
4. **The word "will" in paragraph 1 refers to**
  - A. Nobel's wishes
  - B. a legal document
  - C. a future intention
  - D. a free choice
5. **How often are the Nobel Prizes awarded?**
  - A. five times a year
  - B. twice a year
  - C. once a year
  - D. Once every two years
6. **The word " outstanding" in paragraph 2 could best be replaced by**
  - A. exceptional
  - B. unusual
  - C. established
  - D. recent
7. **A Nobel Prize would NOT be given to**
  - A. an author who wrote a novel
  - B. a doctor who discovered a vaccine
  - C. a composer who wrote a symphony
  - D. a diplomat who negotiated a peace settlement

8. The pronoun " He " in Paragraph 1 refers to  
 A. Alfred Bernhard Nobel B. King of Sweden C. Nobel Foundation D. Nobel Prizes
9. Candidates for the prizes must be nominated in writing by \_\_\_\_\_ of each year by a qualified and recognized authority in each of the fields of competition  
 A. January 1 B. March 1 C. April 1 D. February 1
10. The word " nominated " in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to  
 A. designed B. excluded C. banished D. designated

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**Section II: Choose the best answer:**

11. Where did you go \_\_\_\_\_ holiday last year?  
 A. for B. in C. to D. at
12. You should explain this matter \_\_\_\_\_ the boss .  
 A. for B. to C. at D. on
13. He has been absent \_\_\_\_\_ Monday.  
 A. about B. in C. since D. for
14. Tomorrow's a holiday, so we \_\_\_\_\_ go to work.  
 A. has to B. don't have C. have to D. haven't to
15. My friend Samir \_\_\_\_\_ to Russia last year.  
 A. went B. has gone C. goes D. has been
16. If you \_\_\_\_\_ well in my exams, you \_\_\_\_\_ to university.  
 A. will do; will go B. will do; go C. do; will go D. don't do, will go
17. Why on earth isn't Fahd here yet? \_\_\_\_\_ for him for over an hour!  
 A. I'm waiting B. I've been waiting C. I've waited D. I waited
18. I've got a headache." "Maybe you \_\_\_\_\_ to take an aspirin."  
 A. are B. ought to C. don't D. should
19. Do you want \_\_\_\_\_ the match tonight?  
 A. to watch B. watching C. watch D. to watched
20. When I was a child, I never \_\_\_\_\_ about the future.  
 A. have worried B. was worrying C. used to worry D. will be worrying

\*\*\*\*\*

**Section III: Select the one underlined word or phrase that is incorrect:**

21. Pelè scored more as 1280 goals during his career, gaining a reputation as the best soccer player of all time  
 A B C D
22. That car is almost the same like mine.  
 A B C D
23. Most dictionaries have informations about pronunciation.  
 A B C D
24. There is not reason to worry about me.  
 A B C D
25. Science of genetic engineering is not very old.  
 A B C D

\*\*\*\*\*

Wish You All the Best



اختبار قبول العام الجامعي 2021 - 2022 - كلية العلوم (نموذج B)

Answer all the Questions

**Section I: Read the following passage and then answer the questions that follow :**

Alfred Bernhard Nobel, a Swedish inventor and philanthropist, **bequeathed** most of his vast fortune to a trust that he designated as a fund from which annual prizes could be awarded to the individuals and organizations that had achieved through invention or discovery that which would have the greatest benefit to humanity in a particular year. **He** rewrote his **will** in 1895, thereby establishing, with the original amount of nine million dollars, the Nobel Foundation as the legal owner and administering agent of the funds, and instituting the prizes that are named after him. Statutes to govern the awarding of the prizes were written, along with guidelines for operating procedures. Six years after Nobel's death, the first six prizes, worth about forty thousand dollars each, were to be awarded.

Originally the six classifications for **outstanding** contributions designated in Nobel's will included chemistry, physics, physiology or medicine, literature, international peace, and economics. Candidates for the prizes must be **nominated** in writing by February 1 of each year by a qualified and recognized authority in each of the fields of competition. Recipients in physics, chemistry, and economics are selected by the Royal Swedish Academy, whereas recipients in peace are chosen by the Norwegian Nobel Committee appointed by Norway's parliament. With the King of Sweden officiating, the prizes are usually presented in Stockholm on December 10, the anniversary of Nobel's death. The value, fame, and prestige of the Nobel Prizes have continued to grow. Today the prize includes a medal, a diploma, and a cash award of about one million dollars.

1. The word "bequeathed" in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to  
 A. took                      B. withdrew                      C. received                      D. donated
2. The word "will" in paragraph 1 refers to  
 A. Nobel's wishes      B. a legal document      C. a future intention      D. a free choice
3. How often are the Nobel Prizes awarded?  
 A. five times a year      B. twice a year      C. once a year      D. Once every two years
4. What does this passage mainly discuss?  
 A. Great contribution to mankind                      B. The Nobel Prizes  
 C. Alfred Bernhard Nobel                      D. Swedish philanthropy
5. The pronoun " He " in Paragraph 1 refers to  
 A. Alfred Bernhard Nobel      B. King of Sweden      C. Nobel Foundation      D. Nobel Prizes
6. The word " outstanding " in paragraph 2 could best be replaced by  
 A. exceptional                      B. unusual                      C. established                      D. recent
7. The word " nominated " in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to  
 A. designed                      B. excluded                      C. banished                      D. designated
8. Why were the prizes named for Alfred Bernhard Nobel?  
 A. He left money in his will to establish a fund for the prizes.  
 B. He won the first Nobel Prize for his work in philanthropy.  
 C. He is now living in Sweden.  
 D. He serves as chairman of the committee to choose the recipients of the prizes .

9. A Nobel Prize would NOT be given to  
 A. an author who wrote a novel      B. a doctor who discovered a vaccine  
 C. a composer who wrote a symphony      D. a diplomat who negotiated a peace settlement
10. Candidates for the prizes must be nominated in writing by \_\_\_\_\_ of each year by a qualified and recognized authority in each of the fields of competition  
 A. January 1      B. March 1      C. April 1      D. February 1

\*\*\*\*\*

**Section II: Select the one underlined word or phrase that is *incorrect*:**

11. Pelè scored more as 1280 goals during his career, gaining a reputation as the best soccer player of all time  
 A      B      C      D
12. That car is almost the same like mine.  
 A      B      C      D
13. Most dictionaries have informations about pronunciation.  
 A      B      C      D
14. There is not reason to worry about me.  
 A      B      C      D
15. Science of genetic engineering is not very old.  
 A      B      C      D

\*\*\*\*\*

**Section III: Choose the best answer:**

16. Where did you go \_\_\_\_\_ holiday last year?  
 A. for      B. in      C. to      D. at
17. You should explain this matter \_\_\_\_\_ the boss .  
 A. for      B. to      C. at      D. on
18. He has been absent \_\_\_\_\_ Monday.  
 A. about      B. in      C. since      D. for
19. Tomorrow's a holiday, so we \_\_\_\_\_ go to work.  
 A. has to      B. don't have      C. have to      D. haven't to
20. My friend Samir \_\_\_\_\_ to Russia last year.  
 A. went      B. has gone      C. goes      D. has been
21. If you \_\_\_\_\_ well in my exams, you \_\_\_\_\_ to university.  
 A. will do; will go      B. will do; go      C. do; will go      D. don't do, will go
22. Why on earth isn't Fahd here yet? \_\_\_\_\_ for him for over an hour!  
 A. I'm waiting      B. I've been waiting      C. I've waited      D. I waited
23. I've got a headache." "Maybe you \_\_\_\_\_ to take an aspirin."  
 A. are      B. ought to      C. don't      D. should
24. Do you want \_\_\_\_\_ the match tonight?  
 A. to watch      B. watching      C. watch      D. to watched
25. When I was a child, I never \_\_\_\_\_ about the future.  
 A. have worried      B. was worrying      C. used to worry      D. will be worrying

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**Wish You All the Best**

"B" EL



(A)

..اجب على جميع الاسئلة الآتية..

ضع دائرة حول رمز الاجابة الصحيحة ثم انقلها الى ورقة الإجابة؟ في حال اختيار اكثر من اجابة سيتم الغاء السؤال

(١)	$\left(\frac{1-}{2}\right)^{\infty} = \dots\dots\dots$	(A) $\infty$ (B) $\infty -$ (C) $0$ (D) غير معرف
(٢)	اذا كان $9^{3+5} = 3^5$ فإن قيمة $n$ تساوي:.....	(A) ٢ (B) ٣ (C) ٤ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(٣)	ارادت شركة لصناعة السيارات ترقيم اللوحات حيث كل رقم يتكون من خمس خانات، رقمين وثلاثة احرف، عدد اللوحات الذي يمكن للشركة انتاجها هو:.....	(A) ٢١٩٥٢٠٠ لوحة (B) ٧٨٤٠٠٠ لوحة (C) ٥٤٤٣٢٠ لوحة (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(٤)	اذا كانت $E = [30, 4]$ فإن $E -$ يساوي .....	(A) $[30, -4]$ (B) $[10, -4]$ (C) $[210, -4]$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(٥)	العدد المركب $E = \sqrt{3} - i$ يساوي بالصورة القطبية: .....	(A) $[30, -2]$ (B) $[30, 4]$ (C) $[210, -4]$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(٦)	مركز الدائرة التي تمس المستقيم $ص = -6$ وتمس محور السينات عند النقطة ٣ هو:.....	(A) $(-3, -3)$ (B) $(3, -3)$ (C) $(3, -2)$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(٧)	عدد طرق اختيار لجنة مكونة من ثلاثة اشخاص رئيس ونائب وسكرتير من بين خمسة اشخاص هي:.....	(A) ١٠ طرق (B) ٥٠ طريقة (C) ١٦ طريقة (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(٨)	عدد حدود المفكوك $(س+٣)^٤$ هو:.....	(A) ٣ (B) ٤ (C) ٥ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(٩)	اذا كان $ح(أ) = ٠,٤$ و $ح(ب) = ٠,٢$ و $ح(أ ب) = ٠,١$ فان احتمال وقوع الحادثة ب او الحادثة أ هو: ...	(A) ٠,١ (B) ٠,٥ (C) ٠,٩ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(١٠)	اذا كان $ح(أ) = ٠,٦$ و $ح(ب) = ٠,٤$ و $ح(أ ب) = ٠,٢$ فان احتمال وقوع الحادثة ب بشرط وقوع الحادثة أ = ..	(A) ٠,٥ (B) ٠,٣ (C) ٠,٩ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(١١)	القي حجر نرد مرتين ولو حظ العدد الظاهر على الوجه في الرميّتين، فإن احتمال ان يكون مجموع العددين يساوي ٨ هو:.....	(A) ٠,٠٨ (B) ٠,١٤ (C) ٠,١٧ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(١٢)	مجموعة كل النقاط في المستوى التي بعدها عن نقطة ثابتة يساوي طولاً ثابتاً يسمى:.....	(A) قطع مكافئ (B) قطع ناقص (C) دائرة (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(١٣)	بؤرة القطع الذي معادلته $٦س + ٢ص = ٠$ هي:.....	(A) $(-\frac{3}{2}, ٠)$ (B) $(٠, \frac{3}{2})$ (C) $(\frac{3}{2}, ٠)$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(١٤)	معادلة القطع الذي رأساه $(٠, ٦)$ وتخالفه المركزي $\frac{٥}{٣}$ تكون:.....	(A) $١ = \frac{٢ص}{٦٤} - \frac{٢س}{٣٦}$ (B) $١ = \frac{٢ص}{٦٤} + \frac{٢س}{٣٦}$ (C) $١ = \frac{٢ص}{٦٤} - \frac{٢س}{٣٦}$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(١٥)	اذا كانت $ص = (١+٣س)^٢$ فإن $\frac{ص}{س} = (٣)^{\dots\dots\dots}$	(A) ٢٠ (B) ٣٠ (C) ٦٠ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(١٦)	اذا كان $E = [2, \frac{\pi}{3}]$ فإن $E^٢$ تساوي:.....	(A) $[\frac{\pi}{3}, ٨]$ (B) $[\pi^٣, ٨]$ (C) $[\pi, ٨]$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر

(١٧)	إذا كانت $v = s^2$ جاس فإن $\frac{ds}{ds} = \dots\dots\dots$
(A) $\frac{s}{\text{قاس}} + \frac{2}{\text{قاس}}$ (B) $s$ جتاس + $s^2$ جاس (C) $s^2$ جتاس + $\frac{s}{\text{قاس}}$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر	
(١٨)	إذا كانت $d(s) = 3s$ فإن ميل المماس عند النقطة $s=2$ هو: $\dots\dots\dots$
(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) خلاف ما ذكر	
(١٩)	نها $\frac{2 \text{ جتاس}}{1 - \text{جاس}} = \dots\dots\dots$
(A) 2 (B) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ (C) 4 (D) خلاف ما ذكر	
(٢٠)	مشتقة الدالة $d(s) =$ طاس تساوي $= \dots\dots\dots$
(A) ظتاس (B) $\text{طاس}^2 + 1$ (C) $\text{طاس}^2 - 1$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر	
(٢١)	$3s^5 ds = \dots\dots\dots$
(A) 12 (B) 14 (C) 36 (D) خلاف ما ذكر	
(٢٢)	$6 \text{ طاس قاس}^6 ds = \dots\dots\dots$
(A) قاس + ث (B) $\frac{6 \text{ طاس قاس}^7}{7} + \text{ث}$ (C) $\frac{6 \text{ طاس}^7 \text{ قاس}}{7} + \text{ث}$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر	
(٢٣)	$\frac{ds}{\sqrt{s}} = \dots\dots\dots$
(A) $\frac{3}{2} \sqrt{s} + \text{ث}$ (B) $\frac{2}{3} \sqrt{s} + \text{ث}$ (C) $\frac{3}{2} \sqrt{s} + \text{ث}$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر	
(٢٤)	$\frac{d(\sqrt{s})}{\sqrt{s}} = \dots\dots\dots$
(A) $2 \sqrt{s} + \text{ث}$ (B) $2 \text{ جا}(\sqrt{s}) + \text{ث}$ (C) $\text{جا}(\sqrt{s}) + \text{ث}$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر	
(٢٥)	$ds = \dots\dots\dots$
(A) 0 (B) $s$ (C) $\text{ث}$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر	



(B)

ضع دائرة حول رمز الاجابة الصحيحة ثم انقلها الى ورقة الإجابة؟ في حال اختيار أكثر من اجابة سيتم الغاء السؤال	
١	إذا كانت د(س) = ٣س فإن ميل المماس عند النقطة س=٢ هو: ..... (A) ١ (B) ٢ (C) ٣ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
٢	نها $\frac{2 \text{ جتا } 2س}{1 - \text{جاس}}$ = ..... س ← $\frac{\pi}{2}$
٣	مشقة الدالة د(س) = طاس تساوي = ..... (A) ط٢اس (B) ط٢اس + ١ (C) ط٢اس - ١ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
٤	..... = $3س^5 س$ (A) ١٢ (B) ١٤ (C) ٣٦ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
٥	..... = $6 طاس قاس^6 س$ (A) قاس + ٦ (B) $6 طاس قاس^٧ س + ٦$ (C) $6 طاس^٧ قاس + ٦$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
٦	..... = $\frac{س}{\sqrt{س}}$ (A) $\frac{3}{2} \sqrt{س} + ٦$ (B) $\frac{2}{3} \sqrt{س} + ٦$ (C) $\frac{3}{2} \sqrt{س} + ٦$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
٧	..... = $\frac{\text{جتا}(\sqrt{س})}{\sqrt{س}}$ (A) $2 قاس(\sqrt{س}) + ٦$ (B) $2 جاس(\sqrt{س}) + ٦$ (C) $جاس(\sqrt{س}) + ٦$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
٨	..... = $س$ (A) ٠ (B) س (C) ٦ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
٩	إذا كان ح(أ) = ٠,٤ و ح(ب) = ٠,٢ و ح(أب) = ٠,١ فإن احتمال وقوع الحادثة ب او الحادثة أ هو: ... (A) ٠,١ (B) ٠,٥ (C) ٠,٩ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
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١١	القي حجر نرد مرتين ولو حظ العدد الظاهر على الوجه في الرمييتين، فإن احتمال ان يكون مجموع العددين يساوي ٨ هو: ..... (A) ٠,٠٨ (B) ٠,١٤ (C) ٠,١٧ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
١٢	مجموعة كل النقاط في المستوى التي بعدها عن نقطة ثابتة يساوي طولاً ثابتاً يسمى: ..... (A) قطع مكافئ (B) قطع ناقص (C) دائرة (D) خلاف ما ذكر

«B»

(13)	بؤرة القطع الذي معادلته $ص^2 + 6س + 9 = 0$ هي:..... (A) $(-\frac{3}{2}, 0)$ (B) $(\frac{3}{2}, 0)$ (C) $(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3}{2})$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(14)	معادلة القطع الذي رأساه $(0, 6)$ وتخالفه المركزي $\frac{5}{3}$ تكون:..... (A) $\frac{ص^2}{36} - \frac{س^2}{64} = 1$ (B) $\frac{ص^2}{36} + \frac{س^2}{64} = 1$ (C) $\frac{ص^2}{36} - \frac{س^2}{64} = 1$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(15)	إذا كانت $ص = (3س + 1)^2$ فإن $\frac{ص}{س} = (3) = \dots\dots\dots$ (A) 20 (B) 30 (C) 60 (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(16)	إذا كان $ع = [\frac{\pi}{3}, 2]$ فإن $ع^2$ تساوي:..... (A) $[\frac{\pi}{3}, 8]$ (B) $[\pi^3, 8]$ (C) $[\pi, 8]$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(17)	إذا كانت $ص = س^2$ جاس $\frac{ص}{س} = \dots\dots\dots$ (A) $\frac{س}{قاس} + \frac{س}{قاس} = 2$ (B) $س جتاس + 2س جاس$ (C) $س^2 جتاس + \frac{س}{قاس}$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(18)	$\dots\dots\dots = \left(\frac{1-}{2}\right)^\infty$ (A) $\infty$ (B) $-\infty$ (C) 0 (D) غير معرف
(19)	إذا كان $ص^{3+ن} = 9$ فإن قيمة $ن$ تساوي:..... (A) 2 (B) 3 (C) 4 (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(20)	ارادت شركة لصناعة السيارات ترقيم اللوحات حيث كل رقم يتكون من خمس خانات، رقمين وثلاثة أحرف، عدد اللوحات الذي يمكن للشركة انتاجها هو:..... (A) 2190200 لوحة (B) 784000 لوحة (C) 544320 لوحة (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(21)	إذا كانت $ع = [30, 4]$ فإن $ع$ يساوي ..... (A) $[30, 4]$ (B) $[100, 4]$ (C) $[210, 4]$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(22)	العدد المركب $ع = \sqrt{3} - ت$ يساوي بالصورة القطبية:..... (A) $[2, 30]$ (B) $[30, 4]$ (C) $[210, 4]$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(23)	مركز الدائرة التي تمس المستقيم $ص = 6$ وتمس محور السينات عند النقطة 3 هو..... (A) $(3, -3)$ (B) $(3, 3)$ (C) $(3, -3)$ (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(24)	عدد طرق اختيار لجنة مكونة من ثلاثة اشخاص رئيس ونائب وسكرتير من بين خمسة اشخاص هي:..... (A) 10 طرق (B) 50 طريقة (C) 16 طريقة (D) خلاف ما ذكر
(25)	عدد حدود المفكوك $(ص+3س)^4$ هو:..... (A) 3 (B) 4 (C) 5 (D) خلاف ما ذكر





الكلية: العلوم

التخصص: علوم حاسوب وتقنية معلومات

النظام: التعليم العام



الإجابة النموذجية

A

جامعة أسيوط

نيابة رئاسة الجامعة لشؤون الطلبة

مسلسل القاعة:

مسلسل عام:

اختبار القبول والمفاضلة للعام الجامعي 2022/2021

النموذج: A

غائب

محروم



القاعة:

رقم التنسيق:

- تعليمات هامة:** 1- يجب التأكد من تطابق نموذج ورقة الإجابة مع نموذج ورقة الأسئلة (A أو B) ويتم إبلاغ الملاحظ في حال الاختلاف.  
2- يجب المحافظة على ورقة الإجابة وعدم ثنيها أو تدبيسها أو الكتابة عليها، كون الاختبار مؤتمت. 3- يمنع استخدام أقلام التصحيح (الكركت).  
4- يجب استخدام القلم الجاف الأسود أو الأزرق وتظليل إجابة واحدة فقط لكل سؤال بهذا الشكل ● وتلغى الدرجة في حال تظليل أكثر من إجابة.

اللغة الإنجليزية

Q.	A	B	C	D
1 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
2 -	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
3 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input checked="" type="radio"/> D
4 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
5 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
6 -	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
7 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
8 -	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
9 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input checked="" type="radio"/> D
10 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input checked="" type="radio"/> D
11 -	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
12 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
13 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
14 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input checked="" type="radio"/> D
15 -	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
16 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
17 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
18 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
19 -	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
20 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
21 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
22 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
23 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
24 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
25 -	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D

الرياضيات

السؤال	A	B	C	D
1 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input checked="" type="radio"/> D
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3 -	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
4 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
5 -	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
6 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
7 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
8 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
9 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
10 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
11 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
12 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
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14 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
15 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
16 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
17 -	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
18 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
19 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
20 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
21 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
22 -	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
23 -	<input checked="" type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
24 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input checked="" type="radio"/> B	<input type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D
25 -	<input type="radio"/> A	<input type="radio"/> B	<input checked="" type="radio"/> C	<input type="radio"/> D



الكلية: العلوم

التخصص: علوم حاسوب وتقنية معلومات

مسلسل القاعة:

مسلسل عام:



الإجابة النموذجية

B

جامعة أسيوط

نيابة رئاسة الجامعة لشؤون الطلبة

اختبار القبول والمفاضلة للعام الجامعي 2022/2021

النموذج: B

<input type="radio"/> غائب			
<input type="radio"/> محروم	القاعة:	رقم التنسيق:	

- تعليمات هامة:** 1- يجب التأكد من تطابق نموذج ورقة الإجابة مع نموذج ورقة الأسئلة (A أو B) ويتم إبلاغ الملاحظ في حال الاختلاف.  
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اللغة الإنجليزية					الرياضيات				
Q.	A	B	C	D	السؤال	A	B	C	D
1 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	1 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
2 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	2 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
3 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	3 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
4 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	4 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
5 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	5 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
6 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	6 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
7 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	7 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
8 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	8 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
9 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	9 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
10 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	10 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
11 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	11 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
12 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	12 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
13 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	13 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
14 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	14 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
15 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	15 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
16 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	16 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
17 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	17 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
18 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	18 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
19 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	19 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
20 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	20 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
21 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	21 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
22 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	22 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
23 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	23 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
24 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	24 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
25 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	25 -	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)